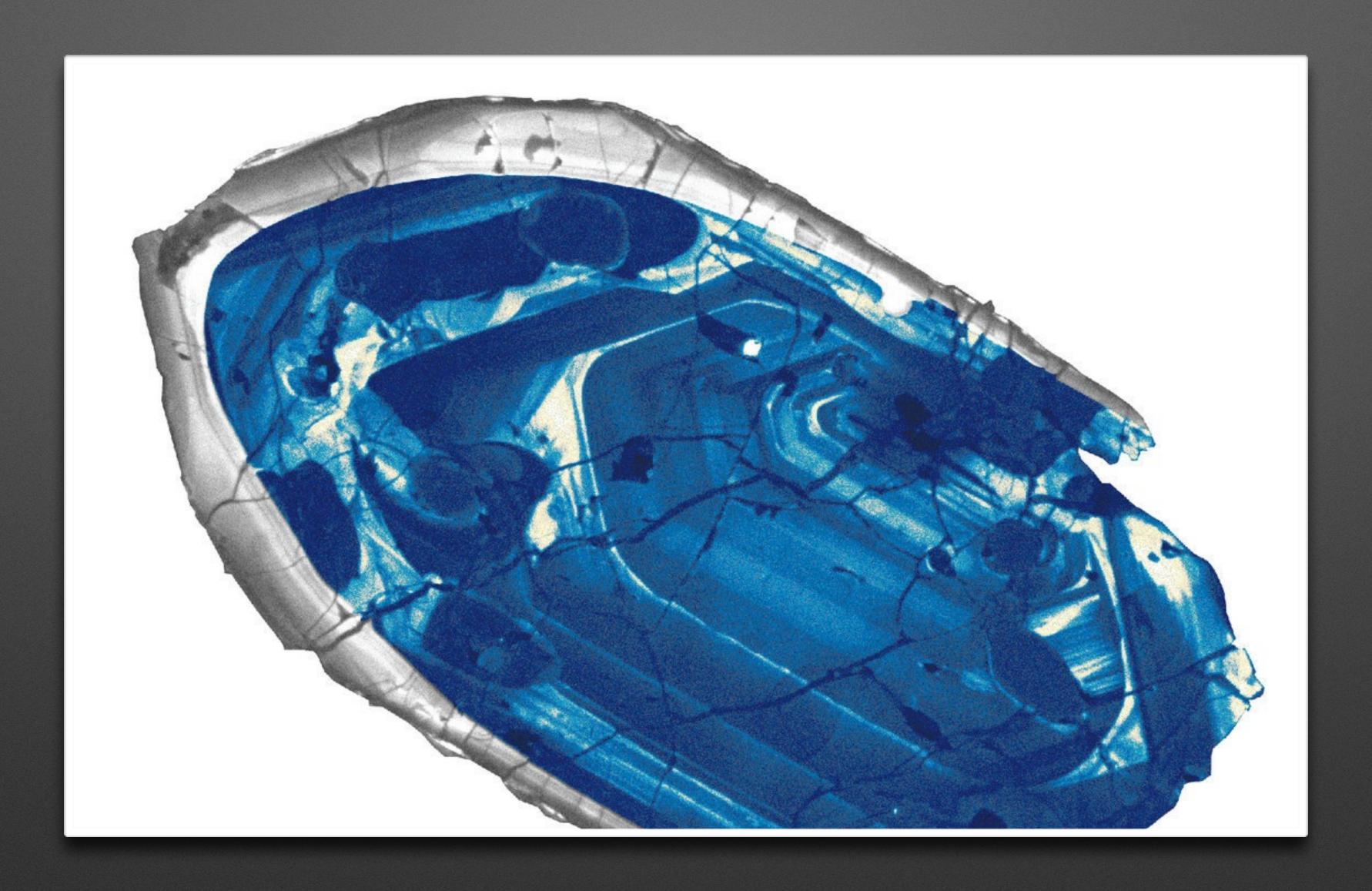
How did everything come to evolve on the Earth?

- 4.6 Billion Years Ago
  - Radioactive decay shows that Earth formed



4.5 Billion Years Ago

 During the early formation Earth heated up due to radioactive decay of isotopes within the Earth's interior



Oldest Zircon Crystals - 4.4 billion years old Western Australia

#### 4.4 Billion Years Ago

- During early Earth's melting, materials separated into zones according to their densities
  - Fe and Ni settled into the core
  - Silicates formed the earliest crust
  - Gaseous compounds made up the atmosphere

#### 4.2 Billion Years Ago

- Solid crust formed and plate tectonics started
- Gases trapped inside the Earth seeped out in a process called outgassing and created a completely different second atmosphere





Oldest Rocks - 4.28 billion years old Hudson Bay in Northern Quebec

3.9 Billion Years Ago

 After the crust had cooled enough, water vapor in the atmosphere began to precipitate and form water on Earth



3.8 Billion Years Ago

 Weathering, erosion, and deposition began and the first sedimentary rock was formed





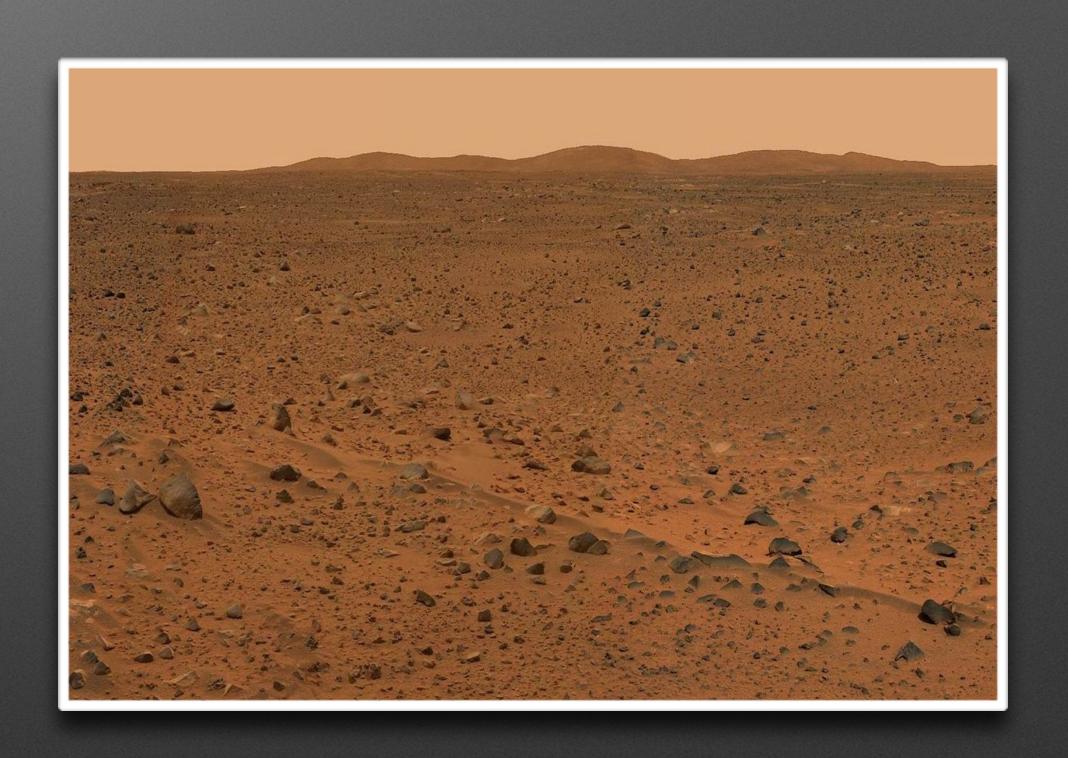
The Potential for Life

#### 3.5 Billion Years Ago

- Life forms that used CO<sub>2</sub> and released free oxygen began to evolve
- This allowed for oxygen to start collecting in our atmosphere



- 3.5 2.8 Billion Years Ago
- Oxygen in the atmosphere reacted with iron in the soil to produce rust
- Resembled the surface color of current day Mars



#### 2.8 Billion Years Ago

 Most of the iron compounds that could have reacted with the oxygen had done so, thus oxygen in the atmosphere increased

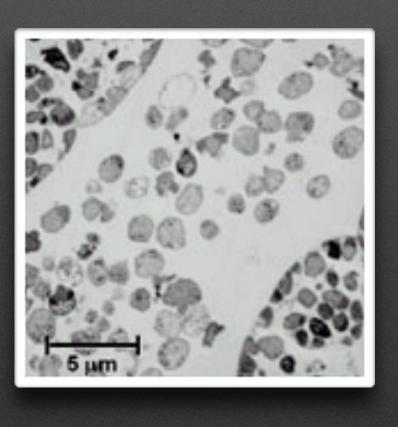


2.8 - Present Billion Years Ago

 Life slowly evolved from single-celled bacteria to multicellular to hard parts on life forms



Single-Celled



Multi-Celled



Shelled



Cambrian Explosion / Burgess Shale

#### GEOLOGIC HISTORY OF NEW YORK STATE

